Surgical Energy: Connecting Power Electronics to Patients – Literally!



Daniel Friedrichs, Ph.D.

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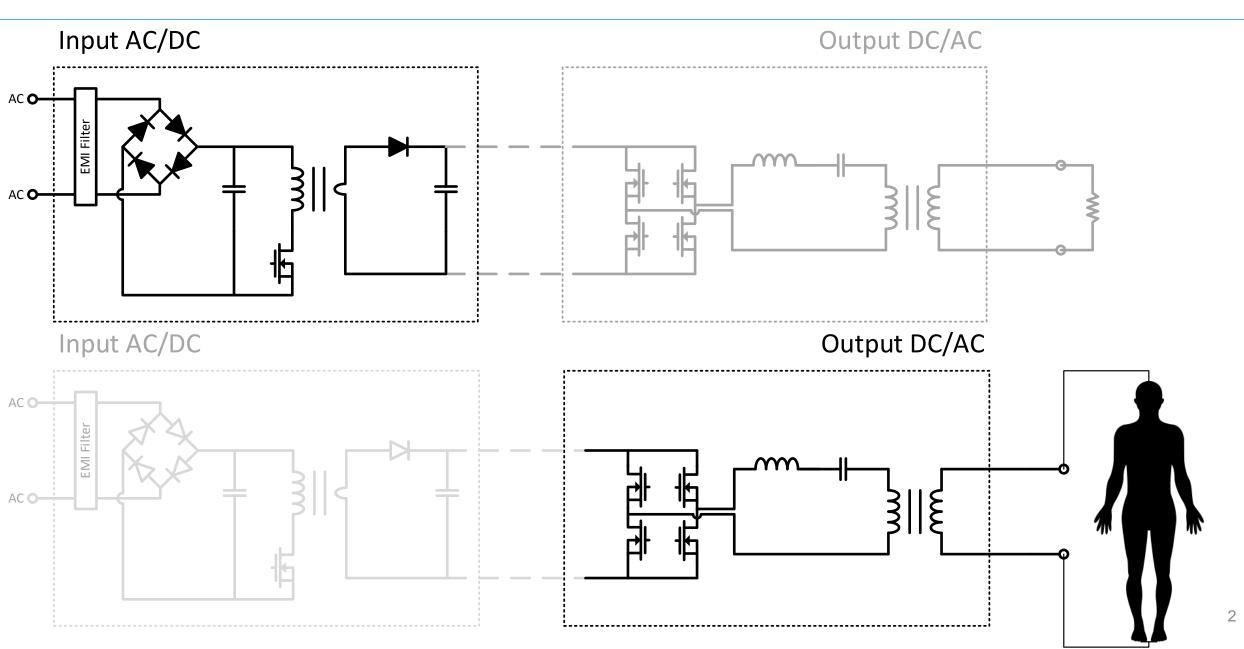




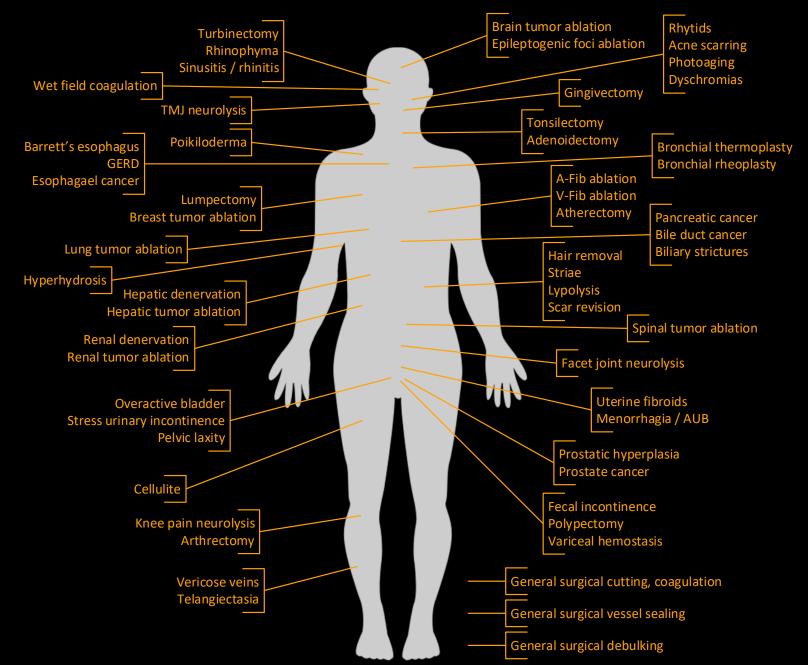


Connecting Power Electronics to Patients





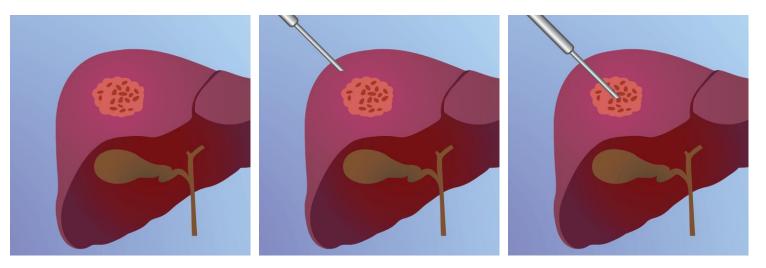
Applications of Surgical Energy Across the Human Body



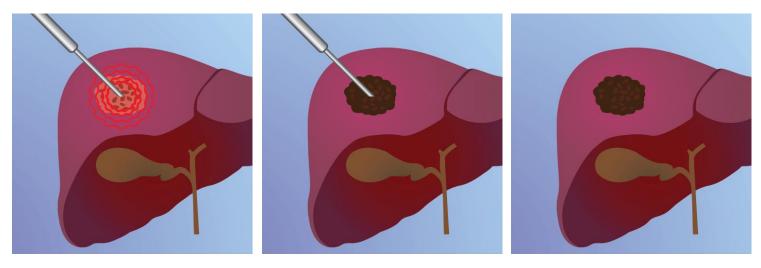
Clinical Application #1: RadioFrequency Ablation of Tumor



- **1. Needle electrode introduced**
- 2. Navigated to center of tumor
- **3.** Electric current causes I²R heating
- 4. Heat causes cell death
- **5.** Remove needle electrode

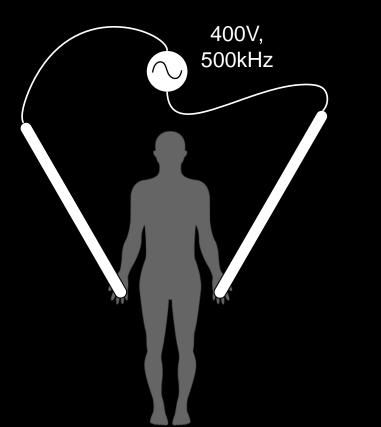


Minimally-invasive, curative procedure



Is This Safe?

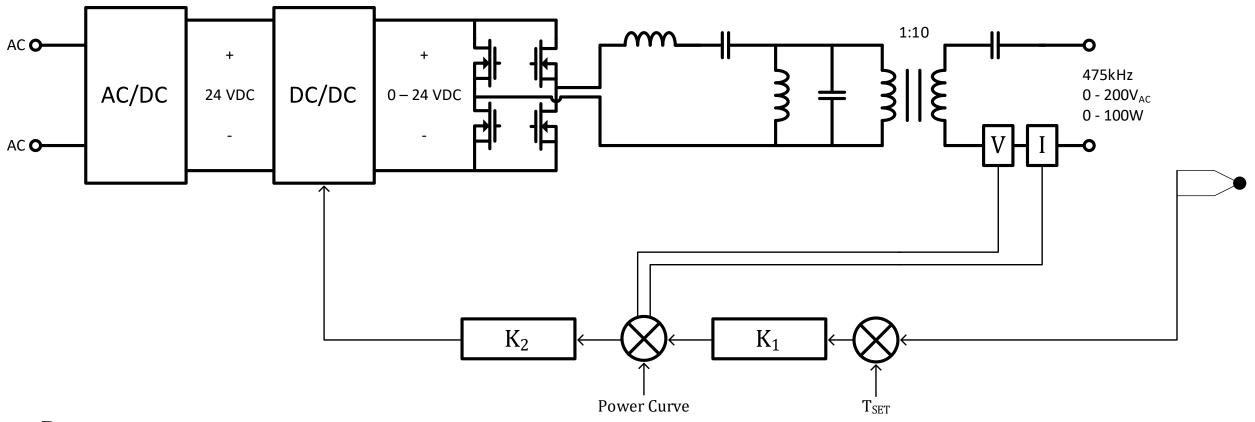
Yes! Currents above ~100kHz can pass through tissue without stimulating muscle





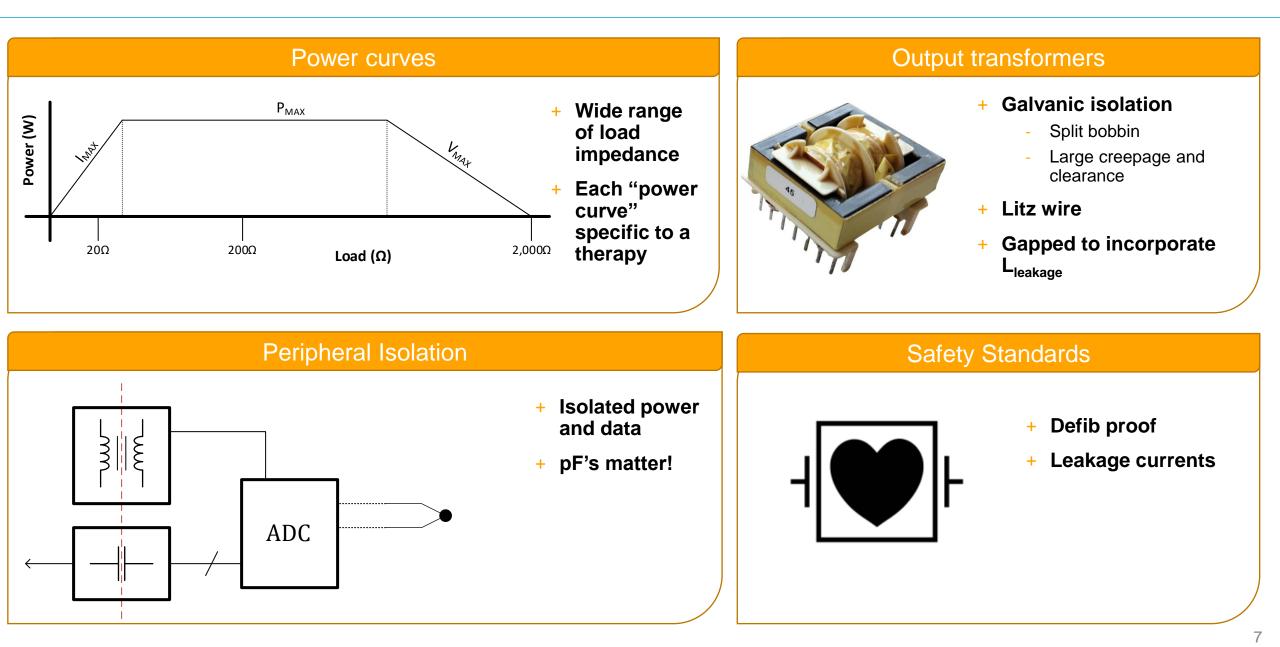
Power Electronics in Thermal Surgical Energy Devices





- + Resonant converters
- + Temperature controlled to <100°C
- + Secondary control loop limiting V_{MAX} , I_{MAX} , P_{MAX}



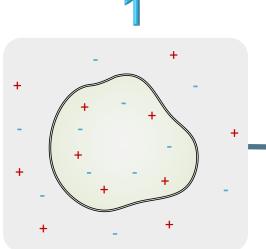


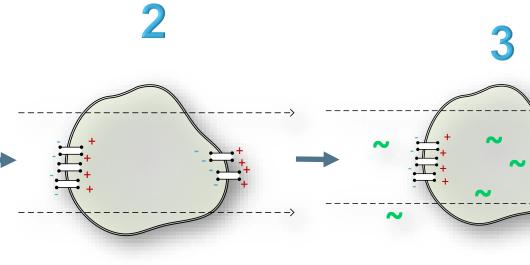




Cellular-Level Mechanics of Electroporation







Cell walls maintain an intrinsic electric charge which regulates opening and closing of pores

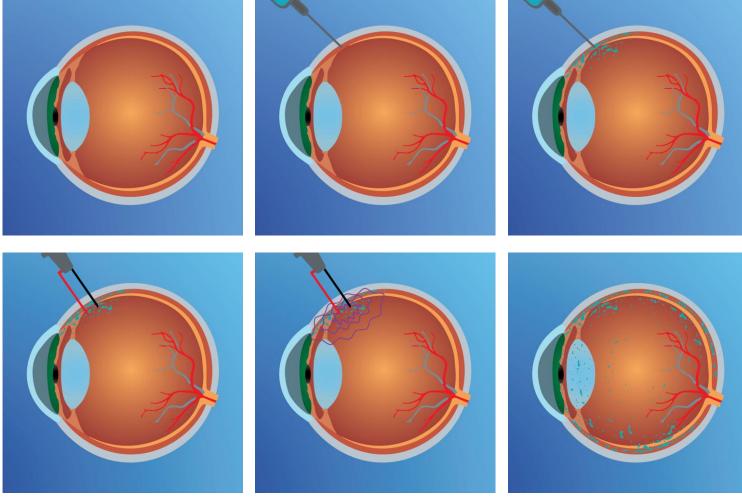
External electric field can overcome this potential and force open pores in the cell wall

Drugs, genes, or vaccines – *cargo* – can be moved into the cell Field removed; pores reclose with cargo captured within the cell





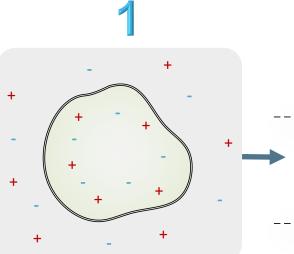
- 1. Needle injects DNA strand
- 2. Bipolar electrode introduced
- 3. Connection to external voltage source electroporates DNA into target cells
- 4. Treated cells are re-programmed to act as a perpetual "bio-factory" for therapeutic proteins

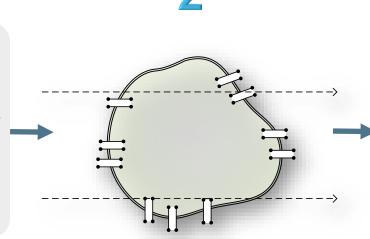


One-time treatment replaces recurring injection therapy

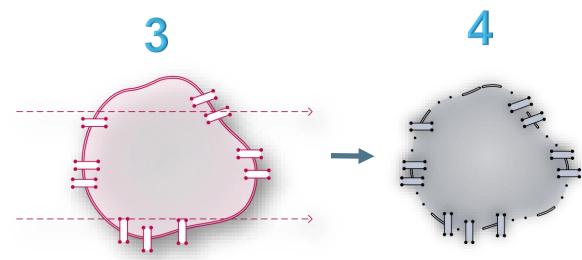
Cellular-Level Mechanics of Pulsed Field Ablation (PFA)







Number of pores opened by external electric field is proportional to applied field strength

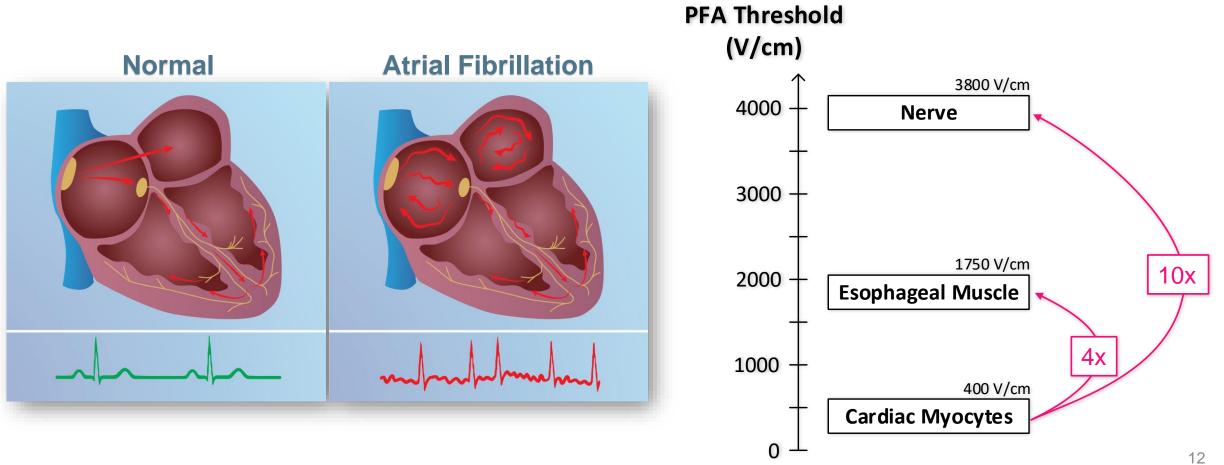


Too many pores open

Field removed; cell lacks energy needed to reclose so many pores. Cell dies.

Clinical Application #3: Treating Atrial Fibrillation

- Atrial fibrillation is a heart arrythmia affecting 10% of >65-year-olds, and can lead to stroke +
- Thermal (RF) ablation is standard of care, but risks injury to phrenic nerve or esophagus +

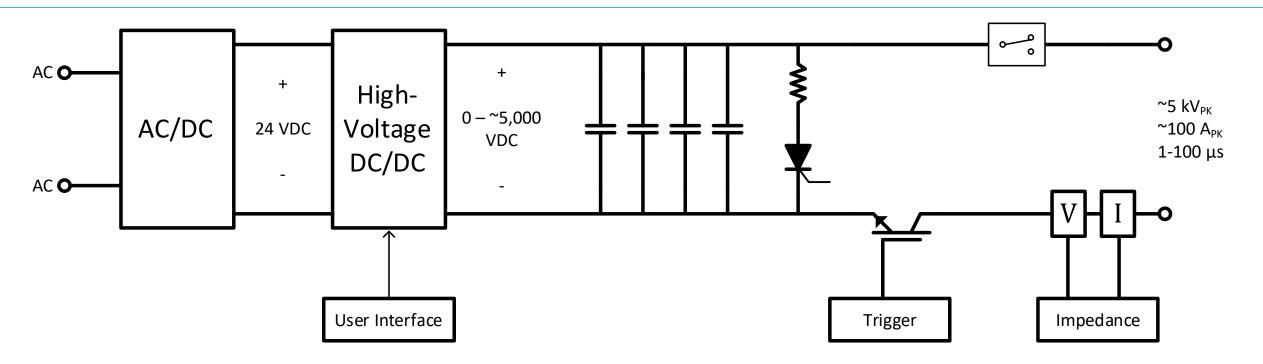


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Power Electronics in Electroporation and PFA

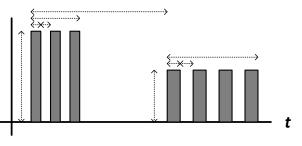




- + Typical architecture: HV capacitor banks w/ IGBT discharge
- User sets the desired therapy voltage and parameters directly:

V

- Amplitude
- Polarity
- Pulse width
- Inter-pulse delay
- Number of pulses



- + Open loop
- + FPGA control
- + Major safety concerns around timing, failure modes, etc
- Major power electronics technical challenges



+<u>#1 Need:</u> Replicability

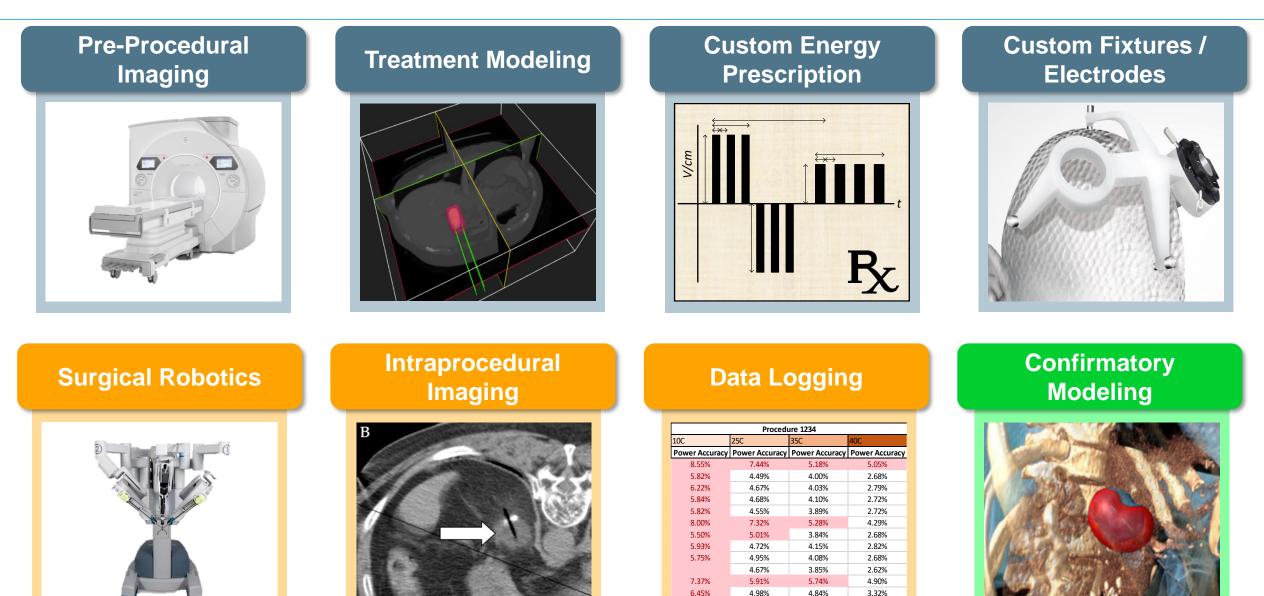
+ <u>Research</u>: Flexible, robust experimental equipment

+ <u>Commerical</u>: Expedite product development

- Modularity
- Support for lower-volume, higher-cost designs

Surgical Energy Therapy of the Future





6.51%

6.25%

5.30%

4.65%

4.34%

3.28%

3.24%





Accelerating Breakthroughs

Thank you!

dfriedrichs@minnetronix.com